Emerged:

Contaminants of Environmental Concern

March 13, 2017, 8:00 AM – 3:00 PM

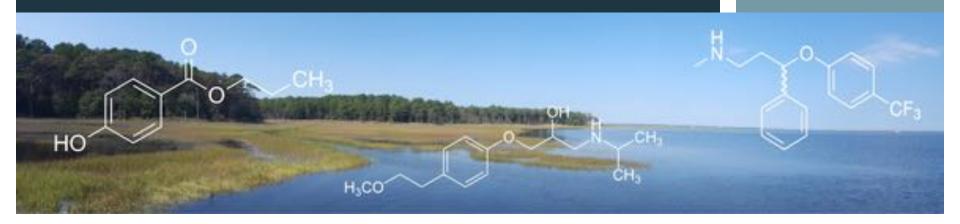
Del Tech, Terry Campus (Dover, DE), Conference Center, Education and Technology Building 727











ATTENDANCE

- 94 attendees (73 evaluation responses)
 - Government Agencies (33)
 - USGS, Army Public Health Center
 - DNREC, DDA, DGS
 - Counties, Municipalities
 - Academia researchers and students (20)
 - Environmental Groups (9)
 - Industry (4)
 - Other (7)
 - News Journal, Cape Gazette

AGENDA

- Welcome by Emily Seldomridge and Secretary Small
- "Keynote" by Pat Phillips, USGS
- Monitoring (Ron MacGillivray, DRBC)
- Environmental thresholds (Kelly Smalling, USGS)
- Regulation of contaminants (Keith Harrison, DE ODW)
- Treatment technologies (Tom Schueler, CSN)
- Effects of contaminants on horseshoe crabs (Danielle Dixson, UD)
- Microplastics (Jonathan Cohen, UD)
- Estuarine acidification (Bill Ullman, UD)
- Exposure to legacy and EC of ospreys (Barnett Rattner, USGS and Thomas Bean, UMD)

CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN

- Pharmaceuticals
- Personal care products
- Perfluoroalkyland Polyfluroroalkyl Substances (PFAS)
- Polybrominated Diphyenyl Ethers (PBDE) [flame retardants]
- Phytoestrogens
 - Occur naturally, released by plants (ex: red clover)
 - We have changed the landscape and concentrated certain plants
- Sun screen (oxybenzone)
- Microplastics (< 5mm)</p>
 - Primary manufactured small
 - Secondary fragments of larger plastic debris
- Protons (coastal and estuarine acidification)
- Many of the above detected in/around Delaware

MONITORING AND REGULATION

- The DE Office of Drinking Water oversees <u>public</u> systems
 - >= 15 service connections or serves > 25 people 60+ days/year
- Standard parameters routinely collected (coliform, nitrates, chlorine, iron, pH)
- EPA publishes Contaminate Candidate List (CCL) every 5 years
- Data collected through the Unregulated Contaminant Monitoring Rule (UCMR)
 - In 2013-2015, public water systems were sampled
 - 701 contaminants detected in DE
 - 2018-2020 next round
- EPA uses data to make a regulatory determination on at least 5 contaminants on the list
- A maximum contaminant level (MCL) and maximum exposure guidelines get released
- Data posted in the National Contaminant Occurrence Database

BMPS

- Urban stormwater BMPs generally very good at removing urban toxic contaminants
 - Most have sediment-like properties
 - Accumulation in BMP sediments over time; ok?
- Shift to conservation tillage has changed herbicide usage
 - Still routinely detected in surface waters, rarely detected in groundwaters, aquatic life criteria not exceeded
- Biogenic hormones being phased out of animal feeding operations due to social messaging on food quality and safety
 - Buffers, wetland, lagoons effective at removing in runoff
- Also phasing out routine use of antibiotics
 - No conventional BMPs remove antibiotics; very persistent, hydrophillic, and soluble; can degrade soil microbial communities and reduce denitrification rates when waste land applied

RESEARCH NEEDS

- Fate/transport,
 - All media (water, sediment, & tissue) to understand total exposure
 - Seasonality, storms
 - Groundwater lag time an issue for these chemicals too
- Effects
 - Some species more sensitive than others, even within taxa
 - Very small amounts (nanograms/liter) can have a biological effect
 - Subcellular responses observed in minutes/hours; cellular in hours/days; organisimal in weeks/months; population in years/decades
- Inter-relationships (cocktails)
- Are replacements / alternatives safer?
- "Emerging concerns related to known contaminants"

OTHER NEEDS

- Communication to public about
 - These contaminants,
 - Their sources,
 - Pathways,
 - Potential impacts
- Social movement to drive alternatives, bans
 - Consumer choice decisions
- Citizen scientists to collaborate on microplastics

EMERGED ONLINE

- https://www.inlandbays.org/events/emergedsymposium/
- Agenda
- Speaker Bios
- Presentations and Posters
 - (No USGS presentations allowed; working on getting abstracts posted instead)

WHAT'S NEXT?

Most relevant information for Inland Bays?

What follow up should be done?

Research priorities?

Recommendations?